

文章编号: 1000-4025-(2001)05-1035-04

青海早熟禾属(禾本科)新类群^{*}

卢学峰^{1,2}, 卢生莲², 陈桂琛^{2*}

(1 四川大学生命科学学院, 成都 610064; 2 中国科学院西北高原生物研究所, 西宁 810001)

关键词: 早熟禾属; 新类群; 青海

中图分类号: Q 949 71⁺ 4 2 文献标识码: A

New taxa of Poa (Gramineae) from Qinghai

LU Xue-feng^{1,2}, LU Sheng-lian², CHEN Gui-chen^{2*}

(1 College of Life Science, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610064, China; 2 Northwest Plateau Institute of Biology, Chinese Academy of Science, Xining 810001, China)

Key words: *Poa* Linn.; new taxa; Qinghai

青海湖早熟禾

Poa stenostachya S. L. Lu et X. F. Lu, sp. nov. Fig. 1

Typus: Qinghai (青海), Tianjun Xian (天峻县), the south of Sanjiaocheng (三角城) near Qinghai Lake (青海湖), between Hudong and Ganzihe (湖东种羊场至甘孜河之间), on marshy meadow, elevations about 3 250 m, 1999. 7. 25, Chen Gui-chen *et al.* (陈桂琛等) 2264A (HWN P).

Species a *Poa tibetica* R. Brown similis, sed planta robusta, vaginis fere ad basim clausis usque ad 18mm longis, ligulis 3~3.5 mm longis, panicula plus minus laxa, angusta, glumis lanceolatis, prima gluma 3-nervis, lemmate 5-nervis, dorsi latae infra 3/4 partim costae, marginis nervo et marginis usque ad 2 mm longo lanato bene differt

Herba perennis, rhizomatibus elongatis repentibus Culmi 15~65 cm alti, erecti,

* 收稿日期: 2000-08-26

基金项目: 中国科学院生物科学与技术研究特别支持费项目资助(STZ97-1-08)。

作者简介: 卢学峰(1965-), 男(汉族), 副研究员。现在四川大学生命科学学院就读博士。

* 通讯联系人。Correspondence to: CHEN Gui-chen

glabri, robusti, solitarii vel cum aliquot surculis compositi in caespitulis, basi usque ad 4 mm diam., emarginatis vaginis, plerumque 2-nodi, supremum internodium longitudine 2/3~4/5 partis plantae subaequans, ad basim 2 internodia plerumque non superans 10 cm longum; *vaginae* glabrae, sursum gradatim elongatae ad 14.5 cm longae, plerumque folio longiores, basi clausae ad 18 mm longae; *ligulae* 3~3.5 mm longae, ellipticae vel oblongae, vulgo lacinatae ad 4~6 lobos, margine minutae ciliatae extensae deorsum, dorsaliter glabrae vel setulosa vel scaberulae, ad vegetativa folia c. 0.5 mm longae, apice emarginatae vel obtusae laminae flaccidae, compunctatae, interdum conduplicatae falcatae sursum, lineares, vaginis subaequantes usque magnopere longiores, caulinae (1.4) 2.5~10 cm longae, vegetativae usque ad 35 cm longae, superne setulosa vel scabrae, inferne glabrae usque scaberulae Panicula contracta, 3.5~13 cm longae, 1~1.5 (1.8) cm lata, inferiores plus minusque interrupta, superiores confertiores, glabra vel scaberula; ramificati, usque ad 5.5 cm longae, ad basim vulgo secundis ramulis instructi; *spiculae* (4) 5~7(9) mm longae, 3~6-florae, lanceolatae vel ovato-lanceolatae, purpureo-brunneae; *pedicelli* usque ad 4 mm longi, superiores setulosi vel scabri; *glumae* lanceolatae subaequales, apice acutae, margine membranaceae; *primae glumae* (sterile lemma) 3.2~4 mm longa, 3-nervia, corina usque ad apicem, lateralibus nervis inconspicuis cel conspicuis, prope medium absentibus; *secunda gluma* (fertile lemma) 3.5~5 mm longa, interdum tenuis ciliata, 3-nervia, lateralibus nervis conspicuis, prope apicem absentibus; *lemna* 3.8~5 mm longum, lanceolatum, apice acutum, margine membranaceum, 5-nervum, venulis inconspicuis, dorsaliter secus nervos et marginem pilosum; *callus* obtusus, usque ad 2 mm longis pilis; *palea* 3~4 mm longa, lanceolata vel oblonga, dorsaliter secus nervos pilosa, 2-nervia, apice obtusa usque emarginata; *antherae* 2.5~3 mm longae, lineares, juventute flava, maturitate purpureo-brunneae; *stigmata* 2, plumosa; *lodiculae* 3, latilanceolatae vel ovatae, c. 0.8 mm longae, apice acutae Caryopsis glabra, immatura

Perennial, with long creeping rhizomes Fibrous roots not sandy sheaths Culms erect, 15~65 cm tall, glabrous robust, simplex or together with a little tillering shoots forming small tufts, usually 2-noded, the uppermost internode 2/3~4/5 as long as plant, the basal 2 internodes hardly exceeding 10 cm long together, base up to 4 mm diameter, with withered sheaths; sheaths glabrous upwards gradually elongated to 14.5 cm, usually longer than leaf blades, base closed up to 18 mm long; ligules 3~3.5 mm long, elliptic or oblong, mostly torn to 4~6 lobes, margin with the smallest seta, extended downward, back glabrous or roughish or setulose; at vegetative leaves c. 0.5 mm long, apice emarginate or obtuse blades weak, flattened, sometimes conduplicate and fal-

cate upwards, linear, somewhat equal to rather longer than sheaths, culm blades (1.4) 2.5~10 cm long, vegetative blades up to 35 cm long, above setulose or rough, beneath glabrous to roughish. Panicle contracted, 3.5~13 cm long, 1~1.5(1.8) cm broad, below more and less interrupted, the upper denser, glabrous or roughish; branches paired, up to 3.5 cm long, usually at each base having branchlets. Spikelets (4)5~7(9) mm long, 3~6-flowered, lanceolate or ovate lanceolate, purple brown; pedicels up to 4 mm long, the upper setulose or rough; glumes lanceolate, equal somewhat, apex acute, margin membranous; first glume 3.2~4 mm long, 3-nerved, the lateral veins distinct or indistinct, near the midrib absent, midrib up to apex; second glume 3.5~5 mm long, sometimes thinly ciliate, 3-nerved, the lateral veins distinct, at 2/3~4/5 near apex absent; lemma 3.8~5 mm long, lanceolate, apex acute, margin membranous, 5-nerved, with indistinct small veins between main veins, at margin, lateral veins and midrib of back pilose; callus obtuse, with up to 2 mm long hairs; palea 3~4 mm long, lanceolate or oblong, back on veins pilose, 2-nerved, apex obtuse to emarginate; anthers 2.5~3 mm long, linear, the younger yellow, at flowering, becoming purple brown; stigmas 2, feathery; lodicules 3, broadly lanceolate or ovate, c. 0.8 mm long, apex acute. Caryopsis glabrous, immature. Flowering July~August.

Habitations: Qinghai (青海): near Quanwan (泉湾) of Niaodao (鸟岛) of Qinghai Lake (青海湖), on marshy meadow, elevations about 3200 m, July 23, 1999, Chen Gui-chen et al (陈桂琛等) 2201 (HNW P); near Heimahé (黑马河) of Qinghai Lake (青海湖), on marshy meadow and near swamp, elevation about 3250 m, July 22, 1999, Chen Gui-chen et al (陈桂琛等) 2154 (HNW P).



图 1 青海湖早熟禾:

Fig 1 *Poa stenostachya* S. L. Lu et X. F. Lu

This species is very similar to *Poa tibetica*, but differs from plants more robust, sheaths closed to 18 mm long at base, ligules 3~3.5 mm long, panicles looser, narrower, glumes lanceolate, the first glume slightly shorter than the second one, 3-nerved, lemma 5 nerved, back under 3/4 of lemma at ridges, marginal veins and margin up to 2 mm long lanate, callus with up to 2 mm long lanate.

沙生早熟禾

***Poa stenostachya* S. L. Lu et X. F. Lu var *kokonorica* S. L. Lu et X. F. Lu, var. nov.**

Typus: Qinghai Province: near Quanwan of Qinghai Lake, on sandy marshy meadow, elevation about 3200 m, July 24, 1999, Chen Gui-chen *et al* (陈桂琛等) 2207 (HNW P).

A var *stenostachya*, planta vulgo 3-noda, nodis summis supra medium locatis, vaginis usque ad 19 cm longis, glumis cum lemmatibus margine inferiore ciliolatis, antheris ca 2 mm longis, necnon habitat in sabulosa differt.

Habitations: Qinghai (青海): Tianjun Xian (天峻县), the south of Sanjiaocheng (三角城) near Qinghai Lake (青海湖) (between Hudong and Ganzihe) (湖东种羊场至甘孜河之间), on sandy marshy meadow, elevation about 3250 m, July 25, 1999, Chen Gui-chen *et al* (陈桂琛等) 2264b (HNW P); Mado Xian (玛多县), Heihe Xiang (黑河乡), on sandy wet place, elevation about 4250 m, July 26, 1998, Chen Gui-chen *et al* (陈桂琛等) 1809 (HNW P).

This variety is well distinguished from var *stenostachya* by usually 3-noded, the uppermost nodes exceeding the medium, with up to 19 cm long sheaths, glumes and lemma ciliolate at the inferior margin, anthers about 2 mm long and lived in sand place.